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RESTRICTED Classification changed from
"CONFIDENTIAL" to
"RESTRICTED" by order of
the Secretary of War
By /s/ E. Checket, Major, In

State of Washington)
County of Pierce) ss.

I, Marshall Sidney Shellhart, of lawful age being duly sworn, on oath depose and say:

I am Marshall Sidney Shellhart, S/Sgt. ASN 6954401. My permanent home address is Allison Addition, Cheyenne, Wyoming. I was captured by Jap troops at Mindinao, P.I. on 10 May 1942, when I was attached to the 19th Bomb. Group of the U.S. AAF. After a period of imprisonment in the Philippines, I was taken to Japan on 11 Nov. 1942, and was placed in camp 5D, Kawasaki until June 1945 when I was taken to Niigata where I was a prisoner until 5 Sept. 1945, when I was liberated.

I observed many beatings of American and other Prisoners of War at camp 5 D, Kawasaki. Most of the beating was without just cause, and the Japanese guards would slap the American prisoners, hit them with sticks, clubs, and steel rods. There were very many instances when the Japanese would beat the prisoners until they were unconscious, and I observed many instances, at least 15, where the Japanese would beat the American prisoners to a state of unconsciousness, and then they would throw water on them, reviving them, and beat them into unconsciousness again. There were many cases of where the American prisoners were burned with punk, the Japanese pretending that they were giving medical care. It was the intent of the Japs to make the men who were really ill get up and work rather than suffer this so-called medical care by burning various parts of their body. A majority of the American prisoners are scarred all over their body by this burning. There were innumerable cases where American prisoners were required to hold their arms straight out and then an object such as a bucket of water or sack filled with beans was placed in their hands, and the prisoner was required to hold this object in this position until he dropped unconscious from fatigue. Many times, when the prisoners dropped the article held, he would be severely beaten with clubs and sticks. Several of the men I recall who were severely mistreated by the Japanese were PFC Litz, of the Marine Corps, from Penn., Pvt. Rubia, USA, reg army, who had about 15 years service.

Some of the Japanese guards who were not attached, to the Japanese Army, but who were probably retired

Jap soldiers were Kobayashi, Kando, Yamido, and other who had nicknames such as Speedo, Slick pants, and Peter Rabbit.

[There were at least three or four cases of collective punishment in this camp while I was there. An American prisoner had written V for Victory on the wall, and 250 prisoners of his group were required to stand at attention all of one night, until 4 a.m. the next night, and until 2 a.m. the third night. During the intervening day, we were required to do our usual heavy manual labor. We missed out on six meals during the three days. During this episode, many men because of their weakened condition, would drop to the ground unconscious from their fatigue or sickness, and the Japanese would throw water on them, and revive them and require them to continue to stand at attention with the rest.]

/s/ Marshall Sidney Shellhart
S/Sgt. 6954401

Witnesses:

/s/ Elmore F. Biles

Subscribed and sworn to before me
this 7th day of October 1945, at
Fort Lewis, Washington.

/s/ Arthur G. Bouley
ARTHUR G. BOULEY
CWO, U.S.A.
Asst Adjutant General
ASFTC Fort Lewis, Wash.

A CERTIFIED TRUE COPY:

/s/ Everett Checket
EVERETT CHECKET
Major Infantry

RESTRICTED

/s/ E.C.

Ex1926

管類第八二八五號

!!! 医管部獻管號六九五四四〇一號二等管曹
マリシャル・シドニー・シエルハイド：
× × × ×

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Doc 8285

私ハ川崎ノ五^D級客所ニ於テアメリカ人及ビ他
ノ管轄ガ監禁サレルノヲ多ク見タ。監禁ノ大半分
ハ正當ノ理由ヲ日本ノ衛兵ガアメリカ怪體ヲ平
手打ニシタリ、杖、棍棒、鐵錐テ打ツタリスルノ
ダツタ。日本人ガ俘虜ヲ意識ノ無クナル迄體打シ
タ例ハ非常ニ多カツタ。ソシテ私モ多クノ例、少
クモ十五回日本人ガアメリカノ俘虜ヲ意識ヲ失ツ
テ了フ迄體打シテ次ニ水ヲ浴ビセテ息ヲ吹キ返ラ
セ、再び意識ノ無クナル迄體打スルノヲ見タ。
日本人ハ醫法ヲスル様ナフリヲシテガテ、アメリカ
ノ俘虜ヲホクチテ燒イタ例ガ海山アル。日本人
ノ意圖ハ本省ノ清人ガ身體ノ色ンナ部分ヲ燒ク此
ノ所謂醫法テ苦シムヨリモ寧ロ起キテ傷ク様ニス
ルコトダツタ。アメリカノ俘虜ノ多數ハコウシテ
燒スレタノテ身體中管痕ダラケニナツタ。アメリ
カノ管轄ガ腕フ真直グ前ニ俘バスコトヲ命ゼラレ、
次イテ水ノ入ツタバケツト刀豆ヲ一杯入レタ袋ト
刀云フヤウナ品切ラ手ニ貯セラレ、疲勞カラ氣ガ
遠クナルマテ、コノ品切ラソノママ持ツテ居ルヨ

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ウ命令サレタ内へ戴ヘラレテイ程アル。辰々俘虜
ガ持ツテキル品物ヲ著シタ時ニハ彼ハ棍棒ヤ或テ
盾ク打タルノダツタ。日本人カラ盾イ摩拳ヲ受
ケタ人ベノ中私ガ想ヒ出ス眞人ノ人ハ「ベンシル
バニア州」出身ノ海兵隊ノ一等兵「リツッ」、約
十五年勤務シテキル米國正規軍兵卒「ルビア」テ
アル。

Doc 8285

此ノ収容所テ私ガ居ル間ニ少クモ三回カ四回ノ口
供的懲罰ガアツタ。最ルアメリカノ俘虜ガマシテ
勝利ナリノ「FOR VICTORY」ト壁ニ書イタノテ、
二五〇人ノ後ノ班ノ俘虜ヘ一晩中翌晩ハ午前四時
迄、ソノ翌晩ハ午前二時迄不動ノ姿勢テ立タサレ
タ。ソノ間ニエヌハ日中ハイツモノ通りノ重勞働ヲ
命ゼラレタ。ソノ三日間ニエヌハ六回食事ニアリ
ツケナカツタ。此ノ事件ノ間ニ多クノ人ハ衰弱ノ
爲疲勞取ヘ病氣アラ氣ヲ失ツテ地ニ倒レタガ日本
人ハ彼等ニ水ヲ浴セテ息ヲ吹キ返ラセ仙ノ若ト
一端ニ不動ノ姿勢ヲ讀ケルコトヲ命ズルノダツタ。

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